		St Mary's Infant & Junior Scl	hool LONG TERM PLANNI	NG TEACHERS	2023-24	
TERM	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Core theme	Living In the Wider	Relationships	<u>Relationships</u>	Health & Wellbeing	Health & Wellbeing	Living in the Wider World
RSE Theme	<u>World</u>	Module 1	Module 1	Module 2	Module 2	
Key Events	<ul> <li>Disability Awareness Day</li> <li>Recycle Week</li> <li>World Mental Health Day</li> <li>Harvest Festival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Road Safety Week</li> <li>Black History Month</li> <li>Remembrance Day</li> <li>Anti-Bullying Week</li> <li>Parliament Week</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>International Day of Education</li> <li>National Storytelling Week</li> <li>Safer Internet Day</li> <li>Children's Mental Health Week</li> <li>First Aid training</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>My Money Week</li> <li>International Women's Day</li> <li>British Science Week</li> <li>World Book Day</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Earth Day</li> <li>Walk to School Week</li> <li>Mental Health Awareness Week</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Child Safety Week</li> <li>World Environment Day</li> <li>World Oceans Day</li> <li>Refugee Week</li> </ul>
Year 1 and Year 2	Belonging to a community  Year 1	Families and Friendships  Year 1	Safe Relationships  Year 1	Physical health and Mental Wellbeing	Growing and Changing (link with transition)	Media literacy and Digital resilience
	Year 1 (What rules are; caring for others' needs; looking after the environment) About examples of rules in different situations e.g. class rules, rules at home, rules outside That different people have different needs How we care for people, animals and other living things in different ways How they can look after the environment e.g. recycling.  Year 2 Belonging to a group; roles and responsibilities; being the same and different in the community - about being part of different groups and the role they play in these groups e.g. class, teams, faith groups - about different rights and responsibilities that they have in school and the wider community - about how a community can help people from different groups to feel included - to recognise that they are all equal and ways in which they are the same and different to others in their community	Year 1 (Roles of different people; families; feeling cared for) About people who care for them eg. Parents, siblings, grandparents, relatives, friends, teachers The role these different people play in children's lives and how they care for them What it means to be a family and how families are different e.g. single parents, same-sex parents etc About the importance of telling someone and how to tell them if they are worried about something in their family.  Year 2 (Making friends; feeling lonely and getting help) How to be a good friend About different ways that people meet and make friends. Strategies for positive play About what causes arguments between friends How to positively resolve arguments between friends How to recognise and ask for help when they are feeling lonely or unhappy  Respecting ourselves and others  Year 1	Year 1   (Recognising privacy; staying safe; seeking permission)   about situations when someone's body or feelings might be hurt and whom to go to for help   about what it means to keep something private, including parts of the body that are private   to identify different types of touch and how they make people feel (hugs, kisses, punches, tickling)   how to respond if being touched makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe. When it is important to ask for permission to touch others   How to ask for and give/not give permission   Year 2   Managing secrets; resisting pressure, getting help, recognising hurtful behaviour   How to recognise hurtful behaviour   What to do and whom to tell if they see or experience hurtful behaviour, including online.   About what bullying is and different types of bullying   How someone may feel if they are being bullied   About the difference between happy surprises and secrets that make them uncomfortable or worried.   How to resist pressure to do something that feel uncomfortable/unsafe   How to ask for help if they feel	Year 1 (Keeping healthy; food and exercise; hygiene routines; sun safety) What it means to be healthy and why it is important Ways to take care of themselves on a daily basis About basic hygiene routines About healthy and unhealthy foods, including sugar intake About physical activity and how it keeps people healthy About different types of play, including balancing indoor, outdoor and screen based play About people who can help them to stay healthy such as parents, doctors, nurses, dentist, lunch supervisors How to keep safe in the sun  Year 2 Why sleep is important; medicines and keeping healthy; keeping teeth healthy; managing feelings and asking for help About routines and habits for maintaining good physical and mental health Why sleep and rest are important for growing and keeping healthy - That medicines, including	Year 1 (Recognising what makes them unique and special; feeling; managing when things go wrong) To recognise what makes them special and unique including their likes, dislikes and what they are good at How to manage and whom to tell when finding things difficult or when things go wrong How they are the same and different to others About different kinds of feelings How to recognise feelings in themselves and others How feelings can affect how people behave  Year 2 - Mainly covered in our Science lessons (cross linked)  Growing older; naming body parts; moving class or year - About human life cycle and how people grow from young to old - How our needs and bodies change as we grow up - To identify and name the main body parts of the body including external genitalia (penis, testicles, vagina, vulva) - About change as people grow up,	Year 1 (Using the internet and digital services; communicating online) How and why people use the internet The benefits of using the internet and digital services How people find things out and communicate safely with others online.  Year 2  The internet is everyday life, online content and information  The ways in which people can access the internet e.g phone, tablets, computers To recognise the purpose and value of the internet in everyday life To recognise that some content on the internet is factual and some is for entertainment e.g news, games, videos That information online might not always be true  Money and work Year 2 What money is; needs and wants; looking after money About what money is and its different forms e.g coins, notes, ways of paying
	Year 1 (How rules and age restriction help us; keeping safe online) How rules can help us to keep safe Why some things have age restrictions	(How behaviour affects others; being polite and respectful) What kind and unkind behaviour mean in and out of school How kind and unkind behaviour can make people feel About what respect means About class rules, being polite	unsafe/worried and what vocab to use	vaccinations and immunisations can help people stay healthy and manage allergies - The importance of and routines for brushing teeth and visiting the dentist about food and drink that affect dental health How to describe and share a	including new opportunities and responsibilities - Preparing to move to a new class and setting goals for next year.	for things How money can be kept and looked after About getting, keeping and spending money That people are paid money for the job they do
	Basic rules for keeping safe online	others, sharing and taking turns		range of feelings		How to recognise the difference between needs and wants

Whom to tell if they see	Respecting ourselves and others		- Ways to feel good, calm down or		How people make choices about
something online that makes them			change their mood e.g playing		spending money, including thinking
feel unhappy, worried or scare	Year 2		outside, listening to music,		about needs and wants.
			spending time with others		
Year 2	Recognising things in common and		- How to manage big feelings		
	differences; playing and working		including those associated with		
(some covered in Road Safety	cooperatively; sharing opinions.		change, loss and bereavement.		
Week in Autumn 2)			- When and how to ask for help		
,	About things they have in common		and how to help others with their		
Safety in different environments;	with their friends		feelings		
risk and safety at home;	How friends can both have		Teelings		
emergencies.	similarities and differences.				
emergeneres.	How to play and work cooperatively				
How to recognise risk in	in different groups and situations				
everyday situations e.g. road,	(Covered in Families and Friendships				
water and rail safety measures.	in first session on transition R24)				
How to help keep themselves	How to share their ideas and listen				
safe in familiar and unfamiliar					
	to others, take part in discussions				
environments, such as in school,	and give reasons for their views.				
online and "out and about"					
- To identify potential unsafe					
situations, who is responsible for					
keeping them safe in these					
situations, and steps they can take					
to avoid or remove themselves					
from danger.					
How to help to keep themselves					
safe at home in relation to					
electrical appliances, fire safety					
and medicines/household products.					
About things that people can put					
into their body or onto their skin					
and how these can affect how					
people feel.					
How to respond if there is an					
accident and someone is hurt					
- About whose job to is to keep us					
safe and how to get help in an					
emergency, including how to dial					
999 and what to say.					
VEAD 2:	VEAD 284	VEAD 284:	VEAD 2	VEAD 2	VEAD 2:
YEAR 3:	YEAR 3&4:	YEAR 3&4:	YEAR 3	YEAR 3	YEAR 3:
Belonging to a Community  The value of rules	Relationships:	Relationships:	Healthy Lifestyles	Growing and Changing	Money and work
The value of rules	Ways to maintain and develop good,	Similarities and differences between	• The positive and negative	• That everyone is an individual and	Different jobs and skills; job
and laws; rights, freedoms and	positive, trusting relationships;	people arise as they grow and make choices,	effects of habits, such as regular	has unique and valuable	stereotypes; setting
responsibilities	strategies to use when relationships	and that by living and working together	exercise or eating too much	contributions to make	personal goals
	go wrong . That there are different	('teamwork') we create community. Self-	sugar, on a healthy lifestyle	• To recognise how strengths and	about jobs that people may have fr
• The reasons for rules and laws in	types of relationships including those	confidence arises from being loved by God	<ul> <li>What is meant by a healthy,</li> </ul>	interests form part of a person's	different sectors e.g. teachers,
wider society	between acquaintances, friends,	(not status, etc). They need to respect and	balanced diet including what	identity · How to identify their	business people, charity work • tha
• The importance of abiding by the	· ·	look after their bodies as a gift from God	foods should be eaten regularly	own personal strengths and	people can have more than one job
law and what might happen if rules	That good friendship is when both	through what they wear, what they eat and	or just occasionally	interests and what they're proud	once or over their lifetime
and laws are broken	people enjoy each other's company	what they physically do.	<ul> <li>That regular exercise such as</li> </ul>	of (in school, out of school) • To	• about common misconceptions and
	and also want what is truly best for		walking or cycling has positive	recognise common challenges to	gender stereotypes related to work

# Year 3 and Year

- What human rights are and how they protect people
- To identify basic examples of human rights including the rights of children
- About how they have rights and also responsibilities
- That with every right there is also a responsibility e.g. the right to an education and the responsibility to learn

and also want what is truly best for the other.

The difference between a group of friends and a 'clique'.

Their awareness of bullying (including cyber-bullying), that all bullying is wrong, and how to respond to bullying.

Harassment and exploitation in relationships, including physical and emotional abuse and how to respond. YEAR 4 ONLY: What the term puberty means.

When they can expect puberty to take place. That puberty is part of God's plan for our bodies.

Correct naming of genitalia.

What changes will happen to boys during puberty.

What changes will happen to girls during puberty

- walking or cycling has positive benefits for their mental and physical health
- About the things that affect feelings both positively and negatively
- Strategies to identify and talk about their feelings · About some of the different ways people express feelings e.g. words, actions, body language
- To recognise how feelings can change overtime and become

- recognise common challenges to self -worth e.g. finding school work difficult, friendship issues
- Basic strategies to manage and reframe setbacks e.g. asking for help, focusing on what they can learn from a setback, remembering what they are good at, trying again

### <u>Keeping safe:</u>

 To identify a wide range of factors that maintain a balanced,

- to challenge stereotypes through examples of role models in different fields of work e.g. women in STEM
- · about some of the skills needed to do a job, such as teamwork and decision-making
- to recognise their interests, skills and achievements and how these might link to future jobs
- · how to set goals that they would like to achieve this year e.g. learn a new hobby

# Media literacy and digital resilience

How the internet is used; assessing information online

How the internet can be used positively for leisure, for school and for work

- To recognise that images and information online can be altered or adapted and the reasons for why this happens
- Strategies to recognise whether something they see online is true or accurate
- To evaluate whether a game is suitable to play or a website is appropriate for their age-group
- To make safe, reliable choices from search results
- How to report something seen or experienced online that concerns them e.g. images or content that worry them, unkind or inappropriate communication.

#### YEAR 4:

#### Belonging to a Community

What makes a community; shared Responsibilities

- the meaning and benefits of living in a community
- to recognise that they belong to different communities as well as the school community
- about the different groups that make up and contribute to a community
- about the individuals and groups that help the local community, including through volunteering and work
- how to show compassion towards others in need and the shared responsibilities of caring for them

# Media literacy and digital resilience

How data is shared and used

- that everything shared online has a digital footprint
- that organisations can use personal information to encourage people to buy things
- to recognise what online adverts look like
- to compare content shared for factual purposes and for advertising

more or less powerful

#### YEAR 4

#### Healthy Lifestyles

- To identify a wide range of factors that maintain a balanced, healthy lifestyle, physically and mentally
- What good physical health means and how to recognise early signs of physical illness
- That common illnesses can be quickly and easily treated with the right care e.g. visiting the doctor when necessary
- How to maintain oral hygiene and dental health, including how to brush and floss correctly
- The importance of regular visits to the dentist and the effects of different foods, drinks and substances on dental health

healthy lifestyle, physically and mentally

#### What good physical health means and how to recognise early signs of physical illness

- That common illnesses can be quickly and easily treated with the right care e.g. visiting the doctor when necessary
- How to maintain oral hygiene and dental health, including how to brush and floss correctly
- The importance of regular visits to the dentist and the effects of different foods, drinks and substances on dental health

#### YEAR 4

Growing and Changing
Covered through RSE scheme
(puberty, external genitalia)

### Keeping safe:

- The importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely
- To recognise what is meant by a 'drug'
- That drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, ecigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) can affect health and wellbeing
- To identify some of the effects related to different drugs and that all drugs, including medicines, may have side effects
- To identify some of the risks associated with drugs common to everyday life
- That for some people using drugs can become a habit which is difficult to break
- · How to ask for help or advice

#### YEAR 4:

#### Money and work

Making decisions
about money; using
and keeping money safe

- how people make different spending decisions based on their budget, values and needs
- how to keep track of money and why it is important to know how much is being spent
- about different ways to pay for things such as cash, cards, e-payment and the reasons for using them
- that how people spend money can have positive or negative effects on others e.g. charities, single use plastics

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	<ul> <li>why people might choose to buy</li> </ul>					
	or not buy something online e.g.					
	from seeing an advert					
	• that search results are ordered					
	based on the popularity of the					
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					
	website and that this can affect					
	what information people access					
V 5 1V	VE 40 E	VEAD FOX	V5 4D 50/	VEAD E	V 5	VEAD E
Year 5 and Year	<u>YEAR 5:</u>	<u>YEAR 5&amp;6:</u>	YEAR 5&6:	YEAR 5:	Year 5	<u>YEAR 5:</u>
6	Belonging to a Community	Relationships:	Relationships:	Physical Health and Wellbeing	Growing and changing	Money and work
	Protecting the environment;	Similarities and differences between	That pressure comes in different forms,	Healthy sleep habits; sun safety;	Covered through RSE scheme	Identifying job interests and
	compassion towards others	people arise as they grow and	and what those different forms are.	medicines, vaccinations,	Personal identity; recognising	aspirations; what influences career
		mature, and that by living and	That there are strategies that they can	immunisations and allergies	individuality and different	choices; workplace stereotypes
	<ul> <li>about how resources are</li> </ul>	working together ('teamwork') we	adopt to resist pressure.		qualities; mental wellbeing.	
	allocated and the effect this has	create community. Self-confidence	What consent and bodily autonomy means.	<ul> <li>how sleep contributes to a</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>to identify jobs that they might like</li> </ul>
	on individuals, communities and the	arises from being loved by God (not	Different scenarios in which it is right to	healthy lifestyle	Keeping safe	to do in the future
	environment	status, etc).	say 'no'.	<ul> <li>healthy sleep strategies and</li> </ul>	Keeping safe in different	• about the role ambition can play in
	• the importance of protecting the	That human beings are different	How thoughts and feelings impact actions,	how to maintain them	situations, including responding in	achieving a future career
	environment and how everyday	from other animals.	and develop strategies that will positively	· about the benefits of being	emergencies, first aid and FGM.	• how or why someone might choose a
	actions can either support or	About the unique growth and	impact their actions and apply this in their	outdoors and in the sun for	omer generes, first are and form.	certain career
	damage it	development of humans, and the	relationships.	physical and mental health	• to identify when situations are	• about what might influence people's
	how to show compassion for the	changes that girls and boys will	relationships.	• how to manage risk in relation to	becoming risky, unsafe or an	decisions about a job or career,
	•			_	, ,	•
	environment, animals and other	experience during puberty.		sun exposure, including skin	emergency	including pay, working conditions,
	living things	About the need to respect their		damage and heat stroke	· to identify occasions where they	personal interests, strengths and
	· about the way that money is	bodies as a gift from God to be		<ul> <li>how medicines can contribute to</li> </ul>	can help take responsibility for	qualities, family, values
	spent and how it affects the	looked after well, and treated		health and how allergies can be	their own safety	<ul> <li>the importance of diversity and</li> </ul>
	environment	appropriately. The need for modesty		managed	• to differentiate between positive	inclusion to promote people's career
	<ul> <li>to express their own opinions</li> </ul>	and appropriate boundaries.		<ul> <li>that some diseases can be</li> </ul>	risk taking (e.g. trying a challenging	opportunities
	about their responsibility towards	How to make good choices that have		prevented by vaccinations and	new sport) and dangerous	<ul> <li>about stereotyping in the workplace,</li> </ul>
	the environment	an impact on their health: rest and		immunisations	behaviour	its impact and how to challenge it
		sleep, exercise, personal hygiene,		<ul> <li>that bacteria and viruses can</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>how to deal with common injuries</li> </ul>	• that there is a variety of routes into
	Media Literacy and digital	avoiding the overuse of electronic		affect health	using basic first aid techniques	work e.g. college, apprenticeships,
	resilience	entertainment, etc		· how they can prevent the	<ul> <li>how to respond in an emergency,</li> </ul>	university, training
	How information online is			spread of bacteria and viruses	including when and how to contact	ag
	targeted; different media types,			with everyday hygiene routines	different emergency services	YEAR 6:
	their role and impact			<ul> <li>to recognise the shared</li> </ul>	• that female genital mutilation	Money & Work
	men role and impact			responsibility of keeping a clean	(FGM) is against British law <sup>1</sup>	· about the role that money plays in
	• to identify different types of			environment	• what to do and whom to tell if	• • •
	, ,,			environment		people's lives, attitudes towards it and
	media and their different			VE 4D (	they think they or someone they	what influences decisions about money
	purposes e.g. to entertain, inform,			YEAR 6:	know might be at risk of FG	· about value for money and how to
	persuade or advertise			Physical Health and Wellbeing	_	judge if something is value for money
	<ul> <li>basic strategies to assess</li> </ul>			What affects mental health and	YEAR 6:	how companies encourage customers
	whether content online (e.g.			ways to take care of it; managing	Growing & Changing	to buy things and why it is important
	research, news, reviews, blogs) is			change, loss and bereavement;	Human reproduction and birth;	to be a critical consumer
	based on fact, opinion, or is			managing time online	increasing independence; managing	<ul> <li>how having or not having money can</li> </ul>
	biassed				transitions	impact on a person's emotions, health
	<ul> <li>that some media and online</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>that mental health is just as</li> </ul>		and wellbeing
	content promote stereotypes ·			important as physical health and	Covered through RSE scheme (see	<ul> <li>about common risks associated with</li> </ul>
	how to assess which search			that both need looking after	Relationships).	money, including debt, fraud and
	results are more reliable than			· to recognise that anyone can be		gambling
	others			affected by mental ill-health and		· how money can be gained or lost e.g.
	• to recognise unsafe or suspicious			that difficulties can be resolved	Keeping safe	stolen, through scams or gambling and
	content online			with help and support	Keeping personal information safe;	how these put people at financial risk
	how devices store and share			· how negative experiences such	regulations and choices; drug use	· how to get help if they are
	information			as being bullied or feeling lonely	and the law; drug use and the	concerned about gambling or other
	,			can affect mental wellbeing	media	financial risks
	YEAR 6:			• positive strategies for managing	modiu	Indicial Fishs
				, ,	how to protect penseral	
	Belonging to a Community			feelings	· how to protect personal	
	Valuing diversity; challenging			• that there are situations when	information online	
	discrimination and stereotypes			someone may experience mixed or	• to identify potential risks of	
				conflicting feelings · how feelings	personal information being misused	
	<ul> <li>what prejudice means</li> </ul>			can often be helpful, whilst	<ul> <li>strategies for dealing with</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>to differentiate between</li> </ul>			recognising that they sometimes	requests for personal information	
	prejudice and discrimination			need to be overcome	or images of themselves	

	how to recognise acts of discrimination     strategies to safely respond to and challenge discrimination     how to recognise stereotypes in different contexts and the influence they have on attitudes and understanding of different groups     how stereotypes are perpetuated and how to challenge this  Media literacy and Digital resilience  Evaluating media sources; sharing things online
	<ul> <li>about the benefits of safe internet use e.g. learning, connecting and communicating</li> <li>how and why images online might be manipulated, altered, or faked</li> <li>how to recognise when images might have been altered</li> <li>why people choose to</li> </ul>
	communicate through social media and some of the risks and challenges of doing so  that social media sites have age restrictions and regulations for use
	<ul> <li>the reasons why some media and online content is not appropriate for children</li> <li>how online content can be designed to manipulate people's emotions and encourage them to read or share things · about</li> </ul>
	sharing things online, including rules and laws relating to this • how to recognise what is appropriate to share online • how to report inappropriate online content or contact
kills coverage	Know that people have different jobs within school and the community. Be able to name different jobs that people do and give a simple explanation of that job.  Know that people have different jobs within school and their community. Be able to name different jobs that people do and give an explanation of that job.  Understand the term 'identity' and can describe what makes them
	unique. Recognise discrimination

and bullying. Can suggest ways of

how to respond to them and ask

understanding of self-identity at

school and in the wider world.

Recognise discrimination and

Demonstrate a growing

for help.

Be able to name the adults who look Recognising their own and others' feelings after them at home and at school. Identify who else may be special to Understand roles and responsibilities

appropriate approaches to self-resolve

Recognising basic human needs (hunger, thirst, tiredness) and articulating them Understanding basic human needs (hunger, thirst, tiredness) and articulating them. Starting to ask for support in response Articulating basic human needs (hunger, thirst, tiredness). Able to ask for support in response Articulating basic human needs (hunger, thirst, tiredness), recognising more complex needs. Able to ask for support in response, starting to find own solutions Articulating basic human needs, Understanding more complex needs. Finding own solutions and /or asking for help as required

Children are able to make choices within the classroom or outdoor area as to activities to complete. They are starting to take measured risks within the learning environment for their own safety. Children are aware of the school / class rules and are starting to make decisions based on these rules. Children are starting to show an awareness of how to stay safe and know what to do if they feel unsafe. Children are able to follow the school / class rules and understand the consequences if these are not followed. Children show understanding of how to keep themselves safe and are able to explain what they need to do if they feel unsafe in a situation.

Simple ideas of what they'd like to do/achieve Encouraged to 'keep going' Simple ideas of what they'd like to do/achieve, with some idea of why Show some independent resilience Clearer ideas of what they'd like to achieve, with some idea of improvement Show increasing independent resilience Clear ideas of achievements and improvements in curriculum areas Show independent resilience Ideas of achievements and improvements, with 'how' included Resilience starting to be based on prior experiences Articulate goals, with 'how' included in clear steps

## · to recognise that if someone experiences feelings that are not so good (most or all of the time) help and support is available

- identify where they and others can ask for help and support with mental wellbeing in and outside
- · the importance of asking for support from a trusted adult
- about the changes that may occur in life including death, and how these can cause conflicting feelings
- · that changes can mean people experience feelings of loss or grief
- · about the process of grieving and how grief can be expressed about strategies that can help someone cope with the feelings associated with change or loss · to identify how to ask for help and support with loss, grief or other aspects of change
- · how balancing time online with other activities helps to maintain their health and wellbeing . strategies to manage time spent online and foster positive habits e.g. switching phone off at night

· what to do and who

- · to identify types of images that are appropriate to share with others and those which might not be appropriate
- that images or text can be quickly shared with others, even when only sent to one person, and what the impact of this might be
- what to do if they take, share or come across an image which may upset, hurt or embarrass them or others
- · how to report the misuse of personal information or sharing of upsetting content/images online · about the different age rating systems for social media, T.V, films, games and online gaming why age restrictions are important and how they help people
- make safe decisions about what to watch, use or play about the risks and effects of
- different drugs · about the laws relating to drugs common to everyday life and illegal drugs • to recognise why people choose to use or not use drugs, including nicotine, alcohol and medicines as well as illegal drugs about the organisations where people can get help and support concerning drug use · how to ask
- about drug use about mixed messages in the media relating to drug use and how they might influence opinions and decisions

for help if they have concerns

Sk

them - grandma / grandpa etc Identify people who are special to them, adults, friends at home or at school. Begin to describe why they are special and how people care for them. Identify people who are special to them, explaining why they are special. Describe how people care for them and recognise how they show care for people special to them. Understand roles and responsibilities in familiar settings and contexts. Able to follow a set of social cues for home and school life and offer respect and support to friends and family.

(matching emotions to faces) Following adult guidance on how to resolve and avoid conflict Starting to exploring how other people may feel, with guidance Starting to make good choices, with adult guidance. Saying sorry, when prompted Exploring how other people may feel, with Making good choices, with adult guidance. Saying sorry Starting to show some understanding of another's feelings Acting upon suggested approaches to selfresolve conflict Showing some understanding of another's feelings Choosing, from suggested ideas,

bullying and its consequences. Can within different settings and Understand and simply articulate another Children are able to follow the Resilience grows, based on prior Articulating basic and complex suggest ways of how to respond to contexts. Able to follow social cues person's potential perspective human needs. Consistently and school / class rules and understand experiences and offer respect and support to them and ask for help. Starting to use appropriate approaches to independently finding own the consequences if these are not Clarity of goals and approaches. Demonstrate an understanding of friends and family. self-resolve conflict Understand and solutions (asking for help if followed. They understand that Demonstrates a will to succeed. personal and social identity in a An awareness of how confidence can articulate another person's perspective and required) ourselves and our belongings need Wants to grow and develop - shown multicultural society. Recognise affect social situations. to be kept safe from danger and through ambition and intentions in and discrimination and bullying across Understand roles and responsibilities Demonstrating appropriate approaches to crime. They know the role of beyond the curriculum different contexts and its within different settings and self-resolve (or avoid) conflict others in protecting us from consequences. Can suggest ways of contexts. Able to follow social cues danger and crime. how to respond to them and ask and offer respect and support and Children are able to follow the for help. Be aware of tolerance as understanding. school / class rules and understand Acknowledge ways to build their own the consequences if these are not a British value. confidence levels and the confidence Possess a clear understanding of followed. Have a growing personal and social identity in a understanding of safety concerns of others. multicultural society.Recognise Understand roles and responsibilities relevant to them in school and at discrimination and bullying across within a wide range of settings and home. Identify possible dangers a wide range of contexts and its contexts. Able to follow social cues and risks and know steps to take when at risk in certain situations. consequences and know how to and offer mutual respect, support respond to them and ask for help. and understanding. Understand where help can be Understand the importance of Able to reflect on actions and obtained for safety issues at home tolerance as a British value. responses in social situations and and at school. know ways to build their own Children are able to follow the confidence levels and the confidence school / class rules and understand of others. the consequences if these are not followed. An understanding of safety concerns in school and the wider world. Identify possible dangers and risks and know steps to take in certain situations. Understand where help can be obtained for safety issues. Children are able to follow the school / class rules and understand the consequences if these are not followed.Recognise potential dangers across a wide range of environments and develop strategies for harm reduction in

these situations. Understand where help can be obtained if it is needed

in any situation.